

1. (Infrared Radiation)

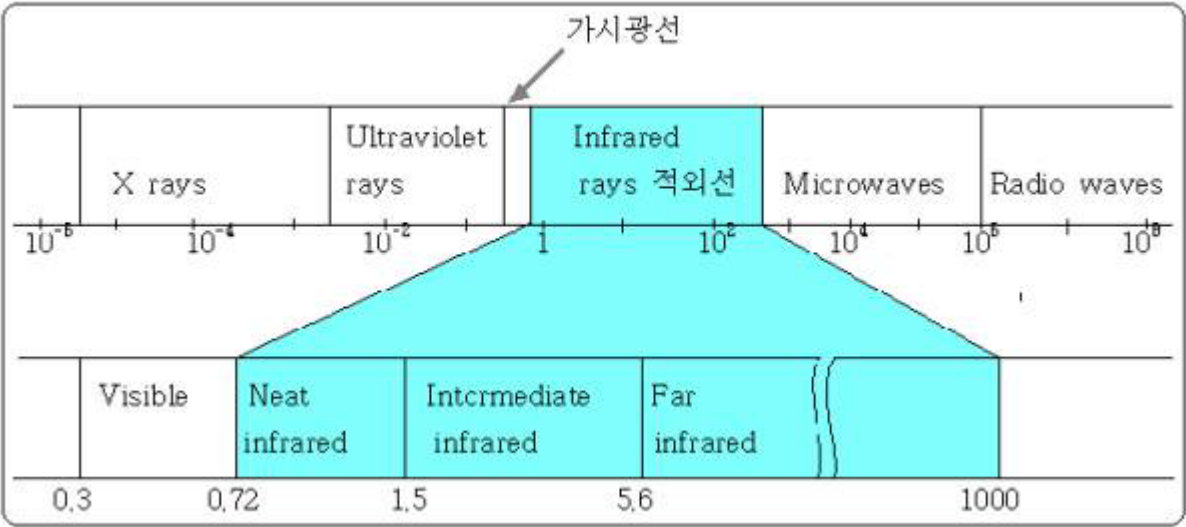
가. ( )

가 0.8 1000 $\mu$ m  
(Wililam Herschel)  
가  
1800  
1890 1900 ,  
(N.Plank)  
가

가 (Wisible Wave) (Micro Wave) 0.8 1000 $\mu$ m  
(IEC)

1. IBC (IEC Sect 841)

Short Wave Infrared radiation ( )	0.8 $\mu$ m 2 $\mu$ m
Medium Wave Infrared radiation ( )	2 $\mu$ m 4 $\mu$ m
Long Wave Infrared radiation ( )	4 $\mu$ m 1000 $\mu$ m



1. Spectrum.

1) Short Wave Infrared radiation( )

가 가 가  
( ) 0.8 $\mu$ m 2 $\mu$ m  
가

2) Medium Wave Infrared radiation( )

Wave 2μm 4μm

가 .

3) Long Wave Infrared radiation( )

Microwave 가 4μm 1000μm

가 . Long wave 1000μm Mirco

Microwave 가 .

2.

1) 가 (Infrared Heating)

가 .

가 가 .

가 가 .

2) (Thermal radiation)

( , , )

가 (°K) ,

3) (Full radiator)

, ,

(Black Body) (Plank)

3.

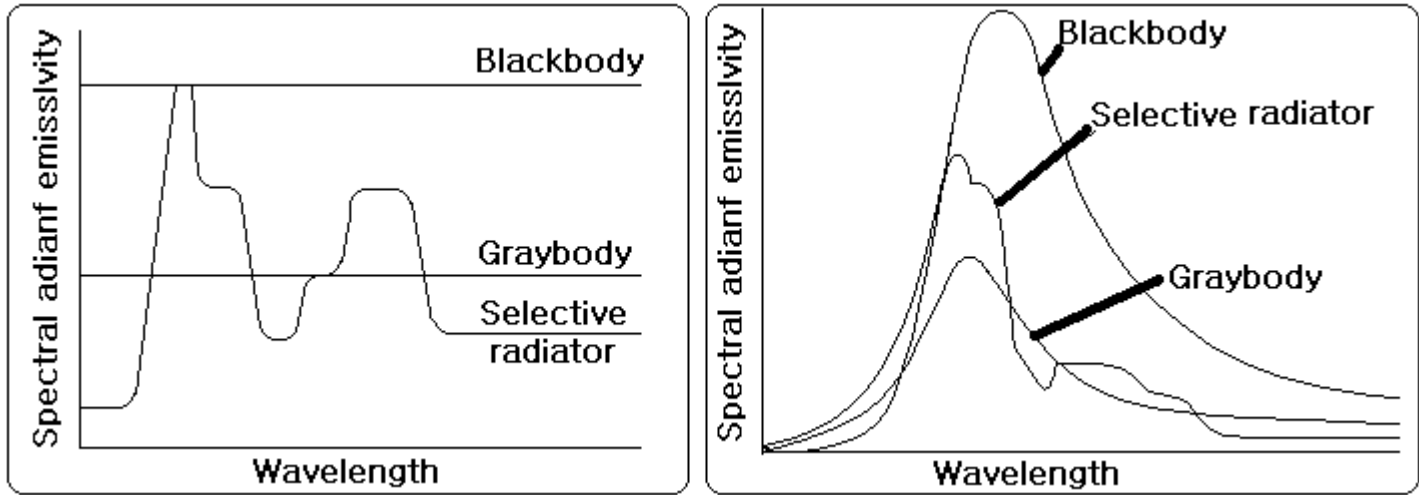
1)

(Plank) 가 ,

, , ,

. =1 (Black Body) ( )= (Gray body)

( )가 .



2.

2) ( )

가

.

( , ) r ( ). ( )

$1 = \alpha + r + \rho$  (1) . 가  $r=0$

$\alpha = 1 - \rho$

(A) + (?) = (R) + ( )

0 ( ) = 1 - (R) ( ) = 1 (A) = ( : Emissivity) ( ) 0

( ) =

1 - (R) ( =0) 0 ( ) 1 .

.



100

( )

$$= 1$$

가

3) ( =1)

$$=1$$

$$W_i = W(T) (1 - ) W_i$$

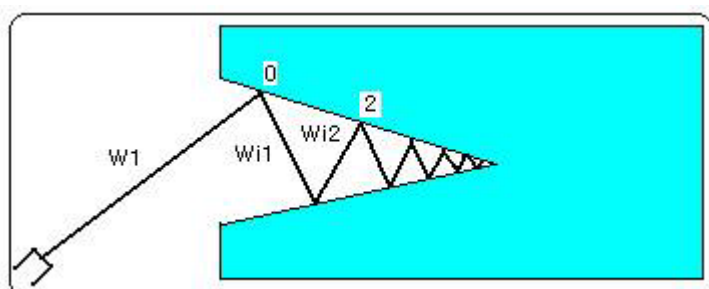
$$W_i = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{a=n}^n \{ \epsilon W(T) + (1-\epsilon) W_i \}^{12} = W(T) \epsilon \left\{ \frac{1}{1-(1-\epsilon)} \right\} = W(T)$$

$$W_i = W(T) (1 - \alpha) \{ W(T) = (1 - \alpha) W_{i2} \}$$

$$W_i = W_T$$

( . )

1      가      .



4.

4)

25가40가

가

[ (5)a]

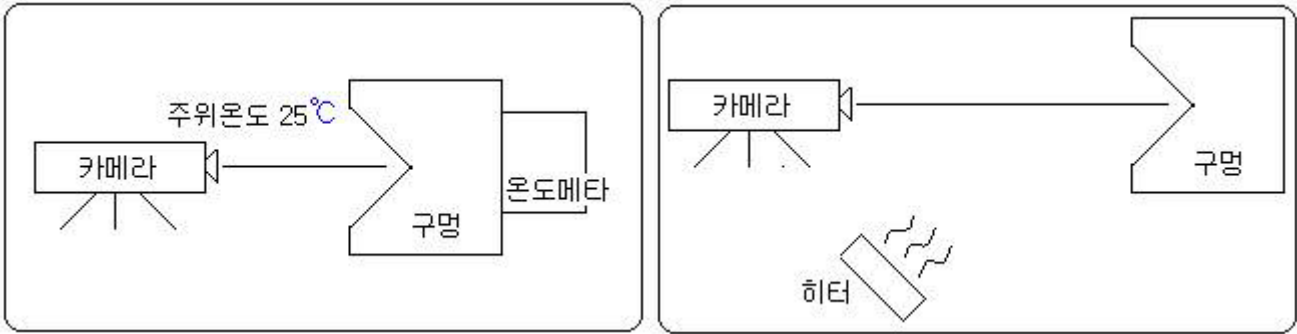
100가

가

[ 5(b)]

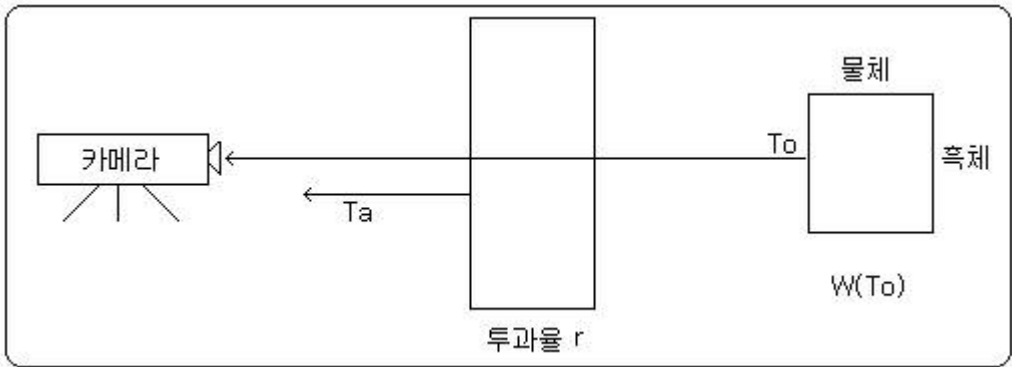
(a)

(b)



5.

5)



6.

$$W_i = W(TO) + (1 - r)W(Ta)$$

$$W_i$$

6.

$$W_i = r [ W(TO) + (1 - r)W(Ta2) ]$$

$$Ta = Ta1 = Ta2$$

1. (Infrared Radiation)

$$W_i = r W(TO) + (1 - r) W(Ta)$$

( ) ( ) 가 . =1

가 .

가 ( )

.

4.

가.

가 .

. 7.

120

가 90°

.